Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- 1-32 (canceled).
- 33. (currently amended) Method for continuous production of a thermoplastic plate material reinforced with flat fibre structures, in which method a first web-like fibre structure is supplied to a fibre laving device, by means of in-line fibre feed units one or more further web-like fibre structures are arranged over the first fibre structure, by means of one or more matrix feed units connected before or after the fibre feed units a matrix starting material is supplied to exposed layers of fibre structures, and the multilayer fibre web emerging from the fibre laying device and coated one or more times with intermediate layers of matrix starting material is supplied to a continuous press in which the matrix starting material is transformed under the effect of heat and/or pressure into a low viscosity fluid and the multilayer fibre web under impregnation of the fibre structure is pressed into a plate-like plastics material, wherein at least one fibre feed unit is formed as a cross layer by means of which a web-like flat structure which is supplied obliquely or diagonally to the advance direction of the fibre web is applied to the fibre web by regular folding thereof along the side edges of the fibre web, and wherein alternately a web-like fibre structure is

supplied unfolded in the advance direction of the fibre web and a subsequent web-like fibre structure is supplied by means of cross layers crossing diagonally to the feed direction of the fibre web, where the first and last fibre structures which are supplied are supplied unfolded in the advance direction of the fibre web to produce a thermoplastic plate material comprising at least two diagonally folded fibre structures separated by an unfolded fibre structure arranged between the first and last unfolded fibre structures.

- 34. (previously presented) Method according to claim 33, wherein the web-like surface structure is supplied and folded at an angle of 45° to the advance direction of the fibre web.
- 35. (canceled).
- 36. (previously presented) Method according to claim 33, wherein the matrix feed units are in each case arranged after a fibre feed unit with cross layer.
- 37. (previously presented) Method according to claim 33, wherein the matrix starting material is a reactive starting material containing cyclic or macrocyclic oligomers of polyester mixed with a polymerisation catalyst, in particular a reactive starting material containing cyclic oligomers of PBT (CPBT) mixed with a polymerisation catalyst.
- 38. (previously presented) Method according to claim 33, wherein the matrix feed units are powder scatterers by means of which the matrix starting material which is present in

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powder form is scattered onto a layer of an exposed fibre structure.

- 39. (previously presented) Method according to claim 33, wherein, by means of matrix feed supply units, a film-like matrix starting material is applied to the exposed surface of a fibre structure.
- 40. (previously presented) Method according to claim 33, wherein the reactive starting material is polymerised in the continuous press into a thermoplastic plastics matrix.

41-44. (canceled).

- 45. (previously presented) Method according to claim 33, wherein the multilayer fibre web, after supply of all fibre structures and all matrix starting materials and before entry into the continuous press, is coated on one or both sides with a cover layer in the form of a plastics foil or extruded plastics film, where in the continuous press the cover layer connects to the plastics matrix of the multilayer fibre web.
- 46. (currently amended) Method according to elaim 33 claim 45, wherein the cover layer comprises thermoplastic plastics.

47-50. (canceled).

51. (previously presented) Method according to claim 33, wherein the multilayer fibre web is guided through one or more impression cylinders which are arranged in the continuous

press, whereby the multilayer fibre web undergoes a complete bubble-free impregnation of the fibre structure with the melt-like plastics matrix.

- 52. (withdrawn) Device for performance of the method according to claim 33, wherein the device comprises a fibre laying device and following this in-line a continuous press, and the fibre laying device contains several fibre feed units for in-line supply of web-like fibre structures and one or more matrix feed units connected between or after the fibre feed units for the supply of the matrix starting material onto exposed layers of the fibre structure, characterised in that at least one fibre feed unit is formed as a cross layer, by means of which a web-like fibre structure can be supplied obliquely or diagonally in the advance direction of the multilayer fibre web and folded to form laying edges.
- 53. (withdrawn) Device according to claim 52, wherein alternately a fibre feed unit for unfolded supply of a web-like fibre structure in the advance direction of the fibre web and a subsequent fibre feed unit with cross layer for the supply of a web-like fibre structure obliquely or diagonally to the advance direction of the fibre web is present, characterised in that the first and last fibre feed unit is for unfolded supply of a web-like fibre structure in the advance direction of the fibre web
- 54. (withdrawn) Device according to claim 52, wherein after a fibre feed unit with cross layer is arranged a matrix feed unit.

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- 55. (withdrawn) Device according to claim 54, wherein the matrix feed unit is a powder scatterer by means of which a matrix starting material which is present in powder form is scattered onto exposed layers of the fibre structure.
- 56. (withdrawn) Device according to claim 54, wherein the matrix feed unit is a film feed unit by means of which a film-like matrix starting material is applied to exposed layers of the fibre structure.
- 57. (withdrawn) Device according to claim 52, wherein the fibre laying device contains one or more pressing stations, in particular impression cylinders, by means of which the multilayer fibre web is pre-pressed in-line.
- 58. (withdrawn) Device according to claim 52, wherein the pressing station comprises a contact roller and an impression roller arranged in pairs and between which the multilayer fibre web is passed under a pressure.
- 59. (withdrawn) Device according to claim 52, wherein the pressing station is part of a fibre feed unit and the contact roller serves simultaneously for unfolded feed and deflection of a web-like fibre structure in the advance direction.
- 60. (withdrawn) Device according to claim 52, wherein the continuous press contains several separately adjustable pressing zones and tempering zones and the pressing zones, to exert the pressure, contain floating hydraulically

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activated lower pressing plates which work against an upper rigid pressing construction.

- 61. (withdrawn) Device according to claim 52, wherein the pressing zones have segmented pressing plates with adjustable gap spacing to each other.
- 62. (withdrawn) Device according to claim 52, wherein after every particular number of segmented pressing plates is arranged a pressing station, in particular an impression cylinder, to generate a linear pressure.